

## WORLD AFFAIRS AS VIEWED BY OBSERVERS ABROAD.

## REVOLUTION STILL CONFINED TO RUSSIA.

[Special by French Cable to The New-York Tribune.]  
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London, Nov. 18.—The most hopeful sign in Russia is the fact that the worst has not yet happened. The military dictatorship, which pessimists have considered inevitable, has not yet been proclaimed, and may not come about if the labor crisis at St. Petersburg can be averted. Poland is quieter than it was, Finland is self-possessed and Count Witte may yet succeed in controlling the revolutionary party if the reactionaries do not disarm him and the moderate men offer him adequate support. Even the ablest and most patriotic statesman in Russia is helpless when he stands alone without a competent staff to carry out his orders. Count Witte may go down any day and a military dictatorship be established under the Grand Duke Nicholas, with General Trepoft as chief of staff, as the only safeguard against terrorism and panic. The revolutionary frenzy has not yet run across the frontiers and become a European movement, as in 1848, but the necessity for caution and timely compromise is perceived at Vienna, and the German battalions have been strengthened in Eastern Prussia.

## NORWAY AND HER NEW KING.

The cause of constitutional monarchy having triumphed in Norway, the new king, with a queen of English birth, will be welcomed at Christiania by the crown prince of Sweden as a sign that the Scandinavian conflict has been brought to an end with neighborly good feeling. There is no proof that the German Emperor has offered resistance to the election of the Danish prince. He expects to bring Denmark within the German Empire some day and naturally does not stand between the Danish royal house and any foreign throne. Prince Charles has always been popular in England, as all the Danish princes are. The cordiality with which the King of the Hellenes has been greeted in London is not due so much to the traditional sympathy for Greek independence from the time of Canning and Lord Byron as to the popularity of his sister, Queen Alexandra.

The rumors that King Alfonso will marry a German princess are not fully credited in diplomatic circles here. There are persistent reports, especially in Catholic circles, that an English princess will be queen of Spain.

## RELIEF OF THE UNEMPLOYED.

The rapidity with which the Queen's fund for the relief of the distress of the unemployed has been carried above £40,000 is a convincing proof of the force of her example. It is not improbable that the public charity will be more munificent than ever before in calamitous times. The socialists are organizing a great parade of unemployed through the West End next week for the sake of stimulating public benevolence. Politicians on the tariff reform side are disposed to exaggerate the woes of the unemployed in order to point a moral against free trade. They consider the unparalleled distress in London from the lack of employment convincing evidence that the country is not prosperous and that the work which might be done at home is done abroad under a system of unrestricted imports. Pamphlets and leaflets are already going out for the conversion of working people to the new tariff policy.

## DISSOLUTION THOUGHT IMPENDING.

There has been a renewal of the energy of the workers on the government side since the party conference at Newcastle. They have returned to London with the conviction that Mr. Balfour will dissolve Parliament in January or February. They may not know what is in the Prime Minister's mind, but they understand the trend of opinion among party workers against the prolongation of the present period of indecision and apathy, since there is no longer a prospect of the enactment of a redistribution bill. Mr. Balfour is warned that he is playing a losing game in delaying the general elections and thereby increasing the Liberal majority in the next Parliament. The tariff reformers are hot for dissolution, but although Mr. Chamberlain has not named the date for a probable appeal to the country it is clear that he does not intend to force the issue upon Mr. Balfour. The Prime Minister hesitates and is not prepared to break away decisively from the free trade unionists. A general election early in the year now seems probable, but it cannot be brought about without a definite policy on the tariff question and colonial preference. It will be easier to draw up another King's speech than to formulate a programme on which the distracted party can appeal to the country and Mr. Balfour may carry out his original intention of resigning office about March 1 and compelling the Liberals to dissolve Parliament. The end of the present transition period in British politics is clearly in sight, whether in January or March.

## HOLIDAY AUCTION SALES.

The holiday sales at Christie's have opened with a series of country house clearances. J. T. Gabriel's collection of early English engravings and miscellaneous assortments of Oriental porcelain and early English furniture, belonging to the heirs of Edward Cruse and Jonathan Rashleigh, in the West of England, have been rattled off at fair prices, and to-day George Brooke's pictures and drawings from Yorkshire are under the hammer.

Next week there will be heavier bidding for various collections of the Earl of Cork and Orrery, including books, autograph letters, furniture, porcelain and pictures from Marston Bigott. There are illuminated manuscripts of the fifteenth century and a remarkable group of Pope letters, but the chief relic is the prayer book of Charles I, which he presumably carried

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New Yorkers and the many visitors in the city at this time of year have the opportunity of viewing the work of the world's cleverest craftsmen at the Jaccard Galleries, at which are shown countless beautiful articles ranging in price from twenty-five cents to twenty-five thousand dollars. These galleries are a series of rooms with museum fronts, showing as in an exhibition the extraordinary productions and importations of the

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If you are unable to do your holiday shopping in New York, send us a postcard to-night and we will mail you the splendid Catalogue of our House. "The Great Jewels of America," containing in its 248 pages over six thousand illustrations of articles, some of which can be seen nowhere else in New York.  
Come at your own time. Examine in your own way, but do not lose interest. A visit to 400 Fifth Avenue will prove of keen interest to you.

JACCARD  
GALLERIES  
400 Fifth Ave.  
Between 36th and 37th Streets.GEN. BRUGERE'S ARREST  
MAKES HIM POPULAR.

[By French Cable to The New-York Tribune.]  
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Paris, Nov. 18.—General Brugere, general in chief, is to-day the most popular man in France. The soldierly manner in which he obeys the order for his fifteen days' house arrest for his personal explanation of his action in not returning the salute of General Percin is regarded as a splendid example to his subordinates. It should be remembered that when General Brugere, during his morning ride in the Bois de Boulogne, turned his horse so as not to meet General Percin both officers were in civilian clothes. General Percin rode after General Brugere, saying: "General, I salute you. Why did you not return my salute?" General Brugere replied, without turning his head, "I did not see you." When both officers, upon the complaint of General Percin, were summoned simultaneously to the Ministry of War General Brugere declined to shake hands with General Percin until the latter had satisfactorily explained the charges of tale-

the ceremony. When asked by a friend whether this was the first time he had been placed under arrest General Brugere replied with a smile: "Not a bit of it. When I was a Lieutenant I got into a scrape also when in civilian dress, for which I had to submit to thirty days' arrest. It was at Grenoble thirty-seven years ago, and I deserved the punishment as Lieutenant exactly as I now deserve the punishment inflicted on me as generalissimo." General Brugere, who is a thorough republican, does not allow his head to be turned by his avalanche of popularity. With dignity and self-restraint he turns the cold shoulder to the Nationalists and Reactionaries who wish to make political capital out of the public sympathy and enthusiasm elicited by the general in chief's attitude. The newspapers to-day are full of skits aimed at General Percin, the "Gaulois" suggesting that he should be enrolled in the Salvation Army—"L'Armée du Salut."

## RUSSIAN REFUGEES IN PARIS.

Russian refugees continue to arrive in Paris, bringing harrowing tales of misery and suffering. Count Witte is rapidly losing the confidence of French Liberal Republicans and Socialists, whose opinion is voiced to-day by Senator Clemenceau, who declares that he cannot see in what way Count Witte's government is better than its predecessors. He says: "It was to pro-



KING HAAKON VII AND QUEEN MAUD OF NORWAY.  
Prince Charles of Denmark was elected King of Norway yesterday.

bearing. General Brugere's arrest comes at an awkward moment—just when his daughter, Mlle. Marie Brugere, was to be married to M. Maxime Maurange, a judge of the Court of Senlis. All the Ministers, Ambassadors and leaders of smart Parisian society had accepted invitations to the wedding, Mlle. Brugere being

test in favor of the rights of Poland, the crushing of which would prepare the way for the annihilation of the rights of man throughout Russia itself, that the revolution, for a moment suspended, resumed its just course. Thus the old crimes against the people, for which there is no statute of limitations, come home to their authors. The Czars cruelly oppressed Poland, and it is Poland now that aids Russia to free herself from czarism. Count Witte contemplates this without being able to understand its true meaning. He has only one remedy in Poland, repression. How can this man, who seems to have lost his head, succeed where professional tyrants like General Trepoft failed? Count Witte can put an end to czarism, but he can do nothing to stop the revolution. Count Witte's programme differs from that of his predecessors only in theory. He is endeavoring to govern with new formulae which have a strange sound from the mouth of one who until recently was a defender of autocracy, but that new formulae require new methods seems to be beyond his comprehension. As was the case with his predecessors, he seems to believe that promises will put an end to every difficulty.

The "Petite République" and other Liberal papers share the views expressed by Senator Clemenceau.

## THE CZAR'S CORSICAN GUARDS.

A large number of Corsicans recently left Paris to reinforce the Czar's Corsican secret police guard, which now numbers four hundred Corsicans, whose duties are to watch over the safety of the Czar and the Imperial family. They are disguised in various ways as attendants or servants. A squad of these Corsicans is charged with surveillance of the Imperial lifeboats and the preparation of dishes for the Czar's table, and their chief tastes each dish before the Czar and the Imperial family partake of it, as a precautionary measure against attempts to poison. It was Czar Alexander II who first formed the Corsican police guard, after the example of the first Napoleon. The heads of the Parisian police to-day still continue to be Corsicans.

## ALSACE-LORRAINE AUTONOMY.

Jean Jaures, M. Millerand and other French Socialists express the belief that the Russian revolutionary wave will inevitably spread to Germany and other parts of Europe just as was the case with the French revolution of 1848, and declare that it is this that makes Kaiser William so uneasy in regard to Prussian Poland. Henri Rochefort, in the "Intransigent," recalls Emperor William's famous toast to the autonomy of the Transvaal and declares that to-day he ought to drink to the autonomy of Poland and of Alsace-Lorraine.

A new impulse to the French movement in favor of the autonomy of Alsace-Lorraine is given by the production last night at the Gaity Theatre, with M. Coquelin in the leading part, of a five act play by Edmond Haraucourt, drawn from René Bazin's Alsatian novel, "Les Oberlé," presenting in a condensed and dramatic form the struggle for the east iron military Germanization of that province. The play was forbidden by the censorship last spring during the warlike tension between France and Germany. Its production last night somewhat revives the old feelings and provides more thunder for M. Déroulède and the French League of Patriots. The play is beautifully mounted, and M. Haraucourt, the author, and M. Coquelin scored a success.

## WEDDING OF MISS WHITING.

A brilliant Franco-American wedding celebrated this week was that of Miss Beatrice Whiting, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Whiting, of Boston, who married Maxime-Sancholle Henraux at the Church of St. Honoré d'Eylau. The witness for the bride was Robert McCormick, the American Ambassador. Among those present were Mrs. McCormick, Prince Colonna, Mrs. Richard Corbin, Mrs. Frederick Sherman, Colonel and Mrs. Dodge, Mr. and Mrs. Audenreid, Mr. and Mrs. John J. Hoff, Mrs. and Miss Ingraham, the Count and Countess Salignac-Fenelon, Mlle. de Bassano, Baron Napoleon Gourgand, Pierre Deschamps, Countess de Coste, nee Blake, and the Comtesse de Montebello. Mr. Henraux has a beautiful historical chateau in Tournai, whither he sped with his young American bride in a 40-horsepower automobile immediately after the wedding reception.

Among the coming marriages of much interest in artistic circles is that of Mlle. Plerat, of the Comedie Francaise, and the painter, Guiraud de Sevello, whose luminous pastels are appreciated in France and abroad. C. I. B.

THOUSANDS OF FAIR WOMEN  
HERALD PRAISES OF PE-RU-NACatarrh and Catarrhal  
Diseases Make Invalids  
of More Women Than  
All Other Ailments  
Combined.

Considers Pe-ru-na the  
Best Medicine in  
the World.

Mrs. W. J. Bryanton, 210  
Sherman street, Dennison,  
Ohio, writes:  
"I followed the directions  
you kindly gave me, and  
now I find myself entirely  
cured. I think your Pe-  
ru-na is the best medicine  
in the world."

Heartfelt Thanks for  
Relief Found in  
Pe-ru-na.

Miss Jessie S. Dword, 37  
South street, Passaic, N. J.,  
writes:  
"I took Pe-ru-na as you di-  
rected. I had a dry cough,  
and after using two bottles  
of Pe-ru-na, I found relief.  
You have my heartfelt  
thanks."

A cough is caused by a  
catarrhal condition of the  
throat and bronchial tubes.  
Remove the catarrh and  
the cough disappears. Pe-  
ru-na is the remedy for all  
catarrhal conditions.

Permanent Benefit Fol-  
lows Use of  
Pe-ru-na.

Miss May Cray, 147 11th  
street, Brooklyn, N. Y.,  
writes:  
"For more than five  
years I suffered from  
rheumatic pains in my  
joints, and in damp or  
stormy weather I was  
obliged to stay indoors."

"Medicine seemed to be of no use until I  
started using Pe-ru-na.  
"I took twelve bottles in all, although it is  
six months ago since I stopped.  
"I have had no return of my old complaint,  
in spite of the fact that I have been out in all  
sorts of weather during the severe winter."

No better remedy was ever devised by the  
medical profession for the mitigation of all  
climatic ailments than Pe-ru-na.



Pe-ru-na Used for Throat Trouble. Keeps  
the Remedy at Hand.

Mrs. J. A. Baker, 380 Locust avenue, Amis-  
terdam, N. Y., writes:  
"I feel it my duty to write and tell you what  
Pe-ru-na done for me, so that all those who are  
troubled as I was may find the same speedy  
cure."  
"Four years ago I lost my voice, so that I

was unable to speak above a whisper for seven  
weeks. Our family doctor could do nothing  
for me.  
"After seven weeks suffering, I read some  
circulars in regard to Pe-ru-na.  
"I bought a bottle at once and took it in  
teaspoonful doses every hour, and in two days  
I could talk. I will never be without it."  
For free medical advice, write to Dr. S. B.  
Hartman, President of The Hartman Saniti-  
tarian, Columbus, Ohio.

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tion of diamond horse-  
shoe pins for ladies' wear,  
and unique designs in  
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corporated; all in plat-  
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of the popular Empire de-  
sign, also bow knots in  
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customers not only pleasant  
but mutually profitable is the  
aim of this company.

New Booklet "The Modern Bank" on request.

## NORWAY ELECTS KING.

Prince of Denmark Will Ascend  
Throne as Haakon VII.

Christiania, Norway, Nov. 18.—The Nor-  
wegian Parliament to-day unanimously elected  
Prince Charles of Denmark to be King of Nor-  
way. There were 116 members present. The  
result was declared at 5:50 p. m.

As this dispatch is filed the fortress is firing  
a royal salute of forty-two guns in honor of  
the new King.  
A majority of the members of the Storting  
wore evening dress at the session. The voting  
was viva voce, and after the result was an-  
nounced the chaplain of the chamber invoked  
blessings upon the monarch, the Storting and  
the country. With the firing of the royal salute  
the citizens in every quarter of the city began  
demonstrations of jubilation and kept them up  
until a late hour. The president of the Storting  
was directed to communicate the result of the  
vote to Prince Charles of Denmark.

## WILL TAKE NAME OF HAAKON VII.

Christiania, Nov. 18.—A telegram from Prince  
Charles of Denmark was read in the Storting  
to-night. It announced that he would take the  
name of Haakon VII, and that he would confer  
on his son the name of Olaf.

## GERMANY AND NORWAY.

Cordial Support of Election of  
Prince Charles.

Berlin, Nov. 18.—The election of Prince Charles  
of Denmark to be King of Norway will receive  
the cordial support of Germany. It is already  
arranged that Prince Henry of Prussia, upon  
the Emperor's orders, will proceed with the  
flagship Prussia to greet the King-elect, on No-  
vember 25, on his voyage to Norway.  
The controversy as to who proposed the can-  
didacy of Prince Charles is attracting some at-  
tention in the German press, where it is asserted  
that it was due to Emperor William's initiative.  
It is officially asserted that while the Emperor  
did not propose Prince Charles's candidacy, he  
still expressed to the King of Denmark, in  
course of his recent visit to Copenhagen, his  
full acquiescence in the prince's candidacy,  
which had in the meantime been under discus-

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NECK PIECES AND MUFFS OF SELECTED RUSSIAN AND  
HUDSON BAY SABLES, BAUM MARTEN, CHINCHILLA, ER-  
MINE, MINK AND POINTED FOX IN LATEST PARISIAN DE-  
SIGNS. COATS FOR MOTOR, CARRIAGE AND PROMENADE.  
FUR LINED BROADCLOTH COATS.

LYONS SILKS AND SATINS. Recent importations include Black  
Poplins (double width), made expressly for Winter Coats and  
Wraps. Black Chiffon Faille Francaise, Black Chiffon Armure,  
Black Chiffon Messaline. Radiums, Chiffon Cloths and Crepe de  
Chine in a range of new shadings, including Rose, Plum, Helio,  
Garnet and Wine.

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BROADCLOTH SUITS, long coat effect..... 46.00  
PRINCESS DRESSES,  
of Radium Chiffon Cloth and Crepe de Chine. 48.50 to 75.00  
EVENING WRAPS..... 37.50 to 185.00  
Also a number of dressy TAILOR SUITS of Velvet, Velveteen and  
Broadcloth, suitable for Luncheon, Calling and Promenade.  
SPANGLED ROBES, black and white and silver 20.00 to 55.00

One-third under regular prices.  
PRINTED CREPE DE CHINES in handsome designs;  
exceptional value..... 1.25 yard  
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PLAIN AND NOVELTY DRESS FABRICS,  
comprising a variety of fashionable weaves and colorings.  
AT REDUCED PRICES.

LINEN SHEETS. Fine French  
Hand Embroidered and Scalloped..... 10.00 and 12.50 each  
PILLOW CASES to match..... 5.00 and 7.00 pair  
BED SPREADS, single or twin beds,  
4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 8.00 each  
Double bed and extra long..... 4.50 to 12.00 each  
ENGLISH TRAVELLING BAGS, tan and russet shades, 14 to 18  
inch, of heavy grained cowhide, hand sewn, English frame.  
Regularly \$10.50..... 7.00  
SHOPPING BAGS. Vanity shape, double clasp, back strap  
handle, assorted leathers and colors. Regularly \$5.00..... 3.50

Broadway & 19th Street.

## CORONATION FIXED FOR JULY 27.

News Reaches Prince Charles at Copen-  
hagen.

Copenhagen, Nov. 18.—A telegram announcing  
that the Storting had elected Prince Charles  
of Denmark King of Norway was received at  
a dinner given by Crown Prince and Crown  
Princess Frederick and at which Prince Charles  
was present. The Crown Prince immediately  
drank a toast to the new monarch of Norway.  
It is understood that King Edward will visit  
the new King at Christiania early in 1906.  
The formal coronation will take place July 27.

## FINLAND WOMEN TO VOTE.

Resolution Declares Them Eligible  
for Membership in Diet.

Helsingfors, Finland, Nov. 18.—At a meeting  
here to-day of a thousand representatives of the  
Constitutional party from all parts of Finland  
a resolution was adopted in favor of a single  
chamber Diet, the members to be elected from  
all citizens over twenty-one years of age, with-  
out distinction of sex.  
The meeting also resolved to telegraph to Sec-  
retary of State Linder, at St. Petersburg, call-  
ing on him to resign immediately.  
General Baron Salta, commander in chief of  
the troops in Finland, has been appointed Gov-  
ernor General temporarily, pending the Em-

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Emperor's choice of a successor to General Prince  
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